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REMARKS

Claims 1 and 6-16 are pending in the present application. Claim 1 is herein amended.

The amendment to claim 1 is at least supported by original claim 5. No new matter is added by

this amendment. Claims 2-5 were previously cancelled. Claims 13-15 were previously

withdrawn from consideration. Applicant respectfully requests that claims 13-15 be rejoined to

the elected claims upon a finding of allowability of claim 1. Reconsideration of the pending

claims is respectfully requested.

In the Office Action, the Examiner has rejected claims 1, 6-12 and 16 under 35 U.S.C.

112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The

Examiner alleges the limitation "-SO₃-Y₃" in independent claim 1 is not supported in the

specification. However, Applicant respectfully submits that the element "-SO₃-Y₃" is clearly

supported by the original specification in at least paragraphs [0091]-[0096] of the U.S.

publication of the present application, U.S. Patent Publication No. 2006/0205624. As shown, the

element appears in formula (4) and the reference values are described in at least the portion of

the specification as discussed. Therefore, Applicant respectfully requests withdrawal of this

rejection. Furthermore, Applicant respectfully submits that the rejection is moot in view of the

present amendment to claim 1.

In addition, the Examiner states that previously submitted claim 1 was directed to an

invention that is independent or distinct from the invention originally claimed as the applicant

previously elected the photocatalyst of formula (1b). The Examiner then withdrew claim 1 from

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consideration as being directed to a non-elected invention. Applicant notes that the immediately

preceding version of claim 1 was drawn to a photocatalyst having formula (4). Without

conceding to the propriety of the Examiner's comments and to advance prosecution, Applicant

has herein amended claim 1 to recite the photocatalyst of formula (1b) as originally presented in

cancelled claim 5 and as originally elected by the Applicant. As such, the reference to formula

(4) is herein cancelled from claim 1. Accordingly, Applicant respectfully submits that present

claim 1 is directed to the invention as originally claimed and respectfully requests the Examiner

to consider present claim 1.

In the Office Action, claims 1, 6-12 and 16 are provisionally rejected on the ground of

non-statutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1, 10-19, 21

and 22 of co-pending app. No. 11/661,174 in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,916,481 to Willey

(hereinafter "Willey"). The Applicant notes the Examiner's suggestion that a Terminal

Disclaimer may be used to overcome the provisional double patenting rejection. Upon the

indication of allowability of the claims with respect to all other rejections, Applicant will take up

the matter of filing a Terminal Disclaimer.

In the Office Action, the Examiner has rejected claims 1, 6 and 10 under 35 U.S.C. §

103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent Publication No. 2003/0087791 to Bonelli et al.

(hereinafter "Bonelli") in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,211,719 to Kaser (hereinafter "Kaser") and

U.S. Patent No. 5,853,929 to Campbell (hereinafter "Campbell"). The rejection is respectfully

traversed and reconsideration is requested.

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Independent claim 1, as amended, is allowable over Bonelli in view of Kaser and

Campbell in that claim 1 recites a combination of elements, including, for example, "one water-

soluble phthalocyanine photocatalyst of formula 1(b)" and "at least one azo dyestuff and/or at

least one triphenylmethane dyestuff, which produce a relative hue angle of 220 - 320°, wherein

the dyestuff component is degraded when the composition is exposed to sunlight and wherein the

degradation rate of the azo dyestuff(s) and/or triphenylmethane dyestuff(s) is at least 1 % per 2

hours." As established below, Bonelli, Kaser or Campbell, singly or in combination, do not

disclose, teach or even suggest at least these features of the claimed invention.

The Examiner relies on Bonelli to generally disclose a "laundry detergent composition

comprising photobleach" which is "a mixture of zinc and aluminum phthalocyanine sulphonate."

The Examiner asserts that this is the photocatalyst, as claimed in claim 1. In the present

Amendment, Applicants have amended formula (1b) for the presently claimed photocatalyst, as

originally recited in cancelled claim 5 and now recited in independent claim 1. In particular, the

formula (1b) has been amended to eliminate the presence of sulfo groups and their salts or

sulphonate groups. Accordingly, because present independent claim 1 does not encompass the

zinc and aluminum phthalocyanine sulphonate of Bonelli, Applicant respectfully submits that

Bonelli does not disclose, teach or even suggest the presently claimed photocatalyst having

formula (1b).

Further, Applicant respectfully submits that the presently recited formula (1b) is not

obvious over Bonelli. Bonelli only discloses the use of a blend of zinc and aluminum

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phthalocyanine sulphonates or the use of aluminum phthalocyanine sulphonate alone (see

paragraphs [0080] and [0081]). Accordingly, one of ordinary skill in the art would not change

the phthalocyanine sulphonate of Bonelli to be a photocatalyst as encompassed by present claim

1. Therefore, Applicant respectfully submits that Bonelli does not disclose, teach or even

suggest the presently claimed photocatalyst having formula (1b).

Applicant respectfully submits that Kaser or Campbell do not cure these deficiencies of

Bonelli. Neither Kaser nor Campbell disclose, teach or suggest the presently claimed

photocatalyst having formula (1b). Further, Applicant agrees with the Examiner's statement that

Bonelli does not teach a composition comprising "at least one azo dyestuff and/or at least one

triphenylmethane dyestuff, which produce a relative hue angle of 220 - 320°, wherein the

dyestuff component is degraded when the composition is exposed to sunlight and wherein the

degradation rate of the azo dyestuff(s) and/or triphenylmethane dyestuff(s) is at least 1 % per 2

hours," as presently claimed in independent claim 1.

Applicant respectfully submits that *Kaser* or *Campbell* do not cure these deficiencies of

Bonelli. The Examiner asserts that Kaser discloses anionic disazo dyes and that Campbell

discloses a colored toner with a relative hue angle of 220-320°. The Examiner further states that

degradation at a rate of at least 1% per 2 hours is necessarily present if the anionic disazo dyes of

Kaser is blended with the composition of Bonelli. Applicant respectfully disagrees with the

Examiner's assertion.

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There is no indication to one of ordinary skill in the art in any of the cited references that

the presently claimed "degradation rate" would be necessarily present or inherent if the dyes of

Kaser are blended with the composition of Bonelli. The Examiner has not shown how the

recited "degradation rate" is necessarily present in the cited references. As stated in MPEP

§2112, "the fact that a certain result or characteristic <u>may occur or be present in the prior art is</u>

not sufficient to establish the inherency of that result or characteristic. In re Rijckaert, 9 F.3d

1531, 1534 (Fed. Cir. 1993) (reversed rejection because inherency was based on what would

result due to optimization of conditions, not what was necessarily present in the prior art); In re

Oelrich, 666 F.2d 578, 581-82 (CCPA 1981). To establish inherency, the extrinsic evidence

must make clear that the missing descriptive matter is necessarily present in the thing described

in the reference, and that it would be so recognized by persons of ordinary skill. Inherency,

however, may not be established by probabilities or possibilities. The mere fact that a certain

thing may result from a given set of circumstances is not sufficient. In re Robertson, 169 F.3d

743, 745, 49 USPQ2d 1949, 1950-51 (Fed. Cir. 1999)." Therefore, without a showing by the

Examiner that the "degradation rate," as recited in independent claim 1 is necessarily present,

Applicant respectfully submits the Examiner's reliance on inherency is improper.

Accordingly, Applicant respectfully submit that claim 1, and claims 6 and 10, which

depend from claim 1, are allowable over the cited references and therefore, respectfully request

withdrawal of the 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) rejection.

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In the Office Action, the Examiner has rejected claim 7 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as

being unpatentable over Bonelli in view of Kaser and Campbell as applied to claims 1, 6 and 10,

and further in view of U.S. Patent No. 4,405,329 to Abel et al. (hereinafter "Abel"). The

rejection is respectfully traversed and reconsideration is requested.

Claim 7 is allowable over the cited references in that claim 7 depends from independent

claim 1 and accordingly recites a combination of elements, including for example, "one water-

soluble phthalocyanine photocatalyst of formula 1(b)" and "at least one azo dyestuff and/or at

least one triphenylmethane dyestuff, which produce a relative hue angle of 220 - 320°, wherein

the dyestuff component is degraded when the composition is exposed to sunlight and wherein the

degradation rate of the azo dyestuff(s) and/or triphenylmethane dyestuff(s) is at least 1 % per 2

hours." The cited references, singly or in combination, do not disclose, teach or even suggest at

least these features of the claimed invention.

As discussed above, Bonelli in view of Kaser and Campbell does not disclose, teach or

even suggest the features of present claim 1, from which claim 7 depends. Present independent

claim 1 does not encompass the zinc and aluminum phthalocyanine sulphonate of Bonelli.

Therefore, Bonelli in view of Kaser and Campbell does not disclose, teach or even suggest the

features of present claim 7, which depends from independent claim 1.

Applicant respectfully submits that Abel does not cure the above-mentioned deficiencies

of *Bonelli* in view of *Kaser* and *Campbell*. Abel does not disclose, teach or suggest the presently

claimed photocatalyst having formula (1b). Further, Applicant agrees with the Examiner's

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statement that Bonelli in view of Kaser and Campbell does not disclose an azo dyestuff as

claimed in claim 7. Accordingly, the cited references do not disclose, teach or even suggest each

and every element of claim 7 and therefore, the rejection based on 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) is

improper. Accordingly, Applicant respectfully requests the Examiner withdraw the rejection.

In the Office Action, the Examiner has rejected claim 8 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as

being unpatentable over Bonelli in view of Kaser and Campbell as applied to claims 1, 6 and 10,

and further in view of JP Publication No. 62025171 to Matsumoto (hereinafter "Matsumoto").

The rejection is respectfully traversed and reconsideration is requested.

Claim 8 is allowable over the cited references in that claim 8 depends from independent

claim 1 and accordingly recites a combination of elements, including for example, "one water-

soluble phthalocyanine photocatalyst of formula 1(b)" and "at least one azo dyestuff and/or at

least one triphenylmethane dyestuff, which produce a relative hue angle of 220 - 320°, wherein

the dyestuff component is degraded when the composition is exposed to sunlight and wherein the

degradation rate of the azo dyestuff(s) and/or triphenylmethane dyestuff(s) is at least 1 % per 2

hours." The cited references, singly or in combination, do not disclose, teach or even suggest at

least these features of the claimed invention.

As discussed above, Bonelli in view of Kaser and Campbell does not disclose, teach or

even suggest the features of present claim 1, from which claim 8 depends. Present independent

claim 1 does not encompass the zinc and aluminum phthalocyanine sulphonate of Bonelli.

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Therefore, Bonelli in view of Kaser and Campbell does not disclose, teach or even suggest the

features of present claim 8, which depends from independent claim 1.

Applicant respectfully submits that *Matsumoto* does not cure the above-mentioned

deficiencies of Bonelli in view of Kaser and Campbell. Matsumoto does not disclose, teach or

suggest the presently claimed photocatalyst having formula (1b). Further, Applicant agrees with

the Examiner's statement that Bonelli in view of Kaser and Campbell does not disclose the

triphenylmethane dyestuff as claimed in claim 8. Accordingly, the cited references do not

disclose, teach or even suggest each and every element of claim 8 and therefore, the rejection

based on 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) is improper. Accordingly, Applicant respectfully requests the

Examiner withdraw the rejection.

In the Office Action, the Examiner has rejected claims 9, 11, 12 and 16 under 35 U.S.C. §

103(a) as being unpatentable over *Bonelli* in view of *Kaser* and *Campbell* as applied to claims 1,

6 and 10, and further in view of Willey. The rejection is respectfully traversed and

reconsideration is requested.

Claims 9, 11, 12 and 16 are allowable over the cited references in that each claim

depends from independent claim 1 and accordingly recites a combination of elements, including

for example, "one water-soluble phthalocyanine photocatalyst of formula 1(b)" and "at least one

azo dyestuff and/or at least one triphenylmethane dyestuff, which produce a relative hue angle of

220 - 320°, wherein the dyestuff component is degraded when the composition is exposed to

sunlight and wherein the degradation rate of the azo dyestuff(s) and/or triphenylmethane

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dyestuff(s) is at least 1 % per 2 hours." The cited references, singly or in combination, do not

disclose, teach or even suggest at least these features of the claimed invention.

As discussed above, Bonelli in view of Kaser and Campbell does not disclose, teach or

even suggest the features of present claim 1, from which claims 9, 11, 12 and 16 depend. Present

independent claim 1 does not encompass the zinc and aluminum phthalocyanine sulphonate of

Bonelli. Therefore, Bonelli in view of Kaser and Campbell does not disclose, teach or even

suggest the features of present claims 9, 11, 12 and 16, which depend from independent claim 1.

Applicant respectfully submits that Willey does not cure the above-mentioned

deficiencies of Bonelli in view of Kaser and Campbell. Willey does not disclose, teach or

suggest the presently claimed photocatalyst having formula (1b). Further, Applicant agrees with

the Examiner's statement that Bonelli in view of Kaser and Campbell does not disclose the

features as presently claimed in claims 9, 11, 12 and 16. Accordingly, the cited references do not

disclose, teach or even suggest each and every element of claims 9, 11, 12 and 16 and therefore,

the rejection based on 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) is improper. Accordingly, Applicant respectfully

requests the Examiner withdraw the rejection.

In view of the foregoing, the Applicant respectfully submits that the pending claims are

allowable over the cited reference and respectfully requests such allowance.

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The proper fees for a Petition to Revive an Unintentionally Abandoned Application and

for a Request for Continued Examination are submitted herewith; thus, it is believed that no

further fees are presently due. However, if necessary, the Commissioner is authorized to charge

Deposit Account No. 08-2789 in the name of Howard & Howard Attorneys PLLC for any

additional fees or to credit the account for any overpayment.

Respectfully submitted,

HOWARD & HOWARD ATTORNEYS PLLC

Date: <u>February 16, 2011</u>

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